



Lee Baldwin

Head of Customer Technical Support Concrete

Heidelberg Materials





HM Business Overview

evoHub | evoBuild CPD 29th April 2026

13.01.2026

Heidelberg Materials is one of the world's largest building material companies



Cement

127

Million Metric Tons



Aggregates

2934

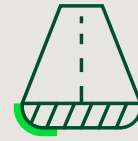
Million Metric Tons



Concrete

45

Million Cubic Meters



Asphalt

8

Million Metric Tons

Providing the materials to build the future.



- > 150 years company history
- > 3000 locations
- 50 countries
- 51000 employees



until 2023....



Hanson

HEIDELBERGCEMENT Group



became...



**Heidelberg
Materials**



THE
WORLD'S
FIRST

THE
UK'S
FIRST

Heidelberg Materials UK is leading the way

- World's first carbon capture cement plant producing **evoZero near-zero cement** – Padeswood cement plant
- World's first **hydrogen trial** at a cement plant – Ribblesdale cement plant
- UK's first **hydrogen asphalt trial** – Criggion asphalt plant
- UK's first use of an **electric paver** on a major road network



About Heidelberg Materials

- Leading supplier of lower carbon heavy building materials to the construction industry.
- Produces aggregates (crushed rock, sand and gravel), asphalt, ready-mixed concrete, cement and GGBS.
- Part of a global company represented in over 50 countries with more than 51,000 employees.
- Committed to decarbonising the built environment/growing the circular economy.
- Develops digital solutions to improve efficiency, productivity and customer service.

No.1

for cement and concrete

No.2

for aggregates

No.3

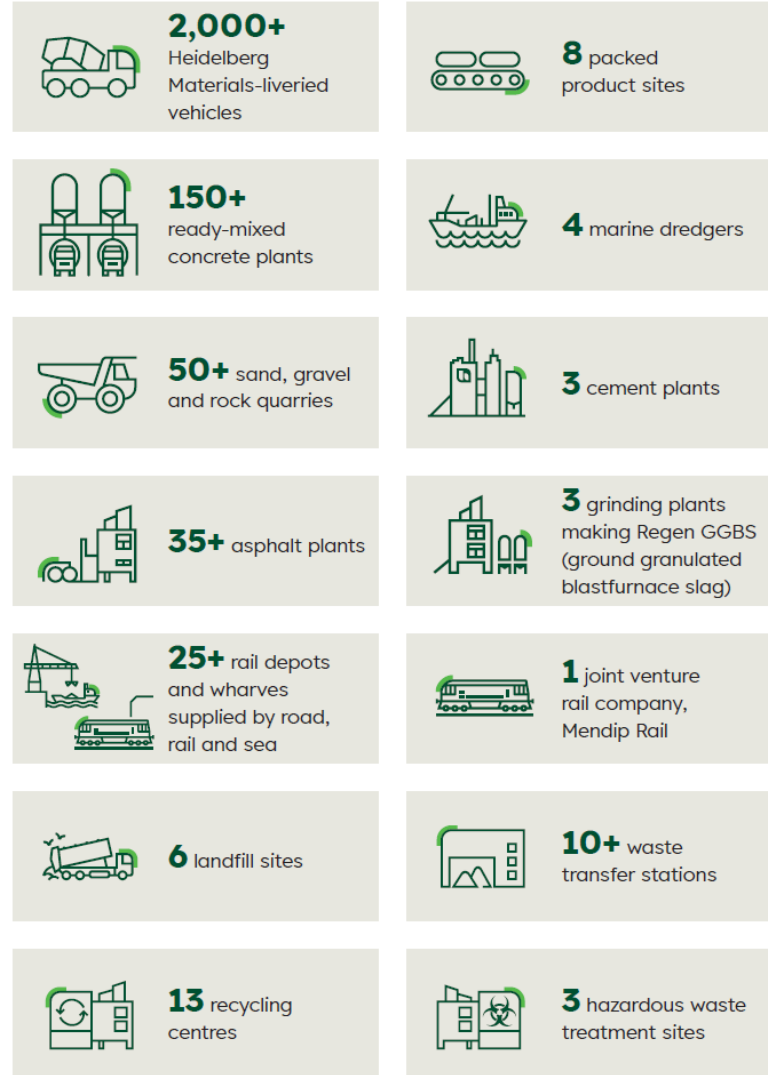
for asphalt and contracting



Our business – Nov 2025 Update

In the UK, Heidelberg Materials is split into five business lines:

- Aggregates
- Asphalt and contracting
- Cement
- Concrete
- Recycling



Supplying essential building materials

Our products are used to help build the infrastructure we need to live, learn, work and travel:



Residential:
Deansgate Square, Manchester



Commercial:
The Shard, London



Hospitals:
Christie Hospital, Manchester



Tunnels:
Thames Tideway super sewer, London



Bridges:
Second Severn Crossing linking
England and Wales



Roads:
A414 resurfacing works, Hertfordshire



Power generation:
Hinkley Point C, Somerset



Sea defences:
Marine Parade, Dawlish, Devon



Sport:
Sir Chris Hoy Velodrome, Glasgow



Rail:
Channel Tunnel rail link



Introduction to Low Carbon Concrete

Heidelberg Materials UK Technical Support
Continuous Professional Development





Agenda

1. Introduction to Heidelberg Materials
2. The “Low Carbon Challenge”
3. Low Carbon Concrete
4. SCMs & Carbon Capture Technologies
5. Low Carbon Concrete Specification



The “Low Carbon Challenge”

The Source, The Ambition, The Journey



The path to decarbonisation

We are committed to reaching net zero carbon by 2050 and progress to date is good: we have reduced our CO₂ emissions in the UK by more than 50% since 1990.

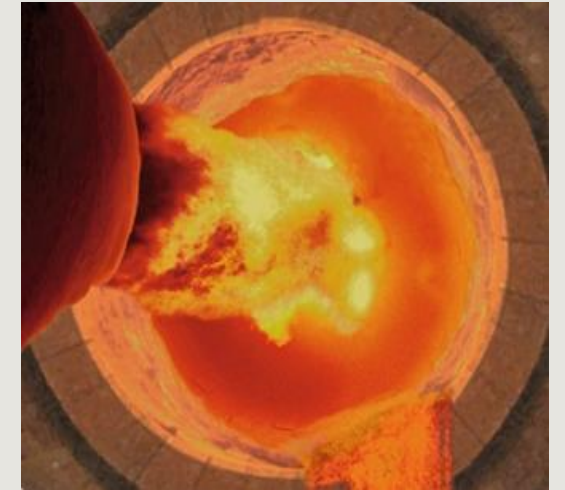
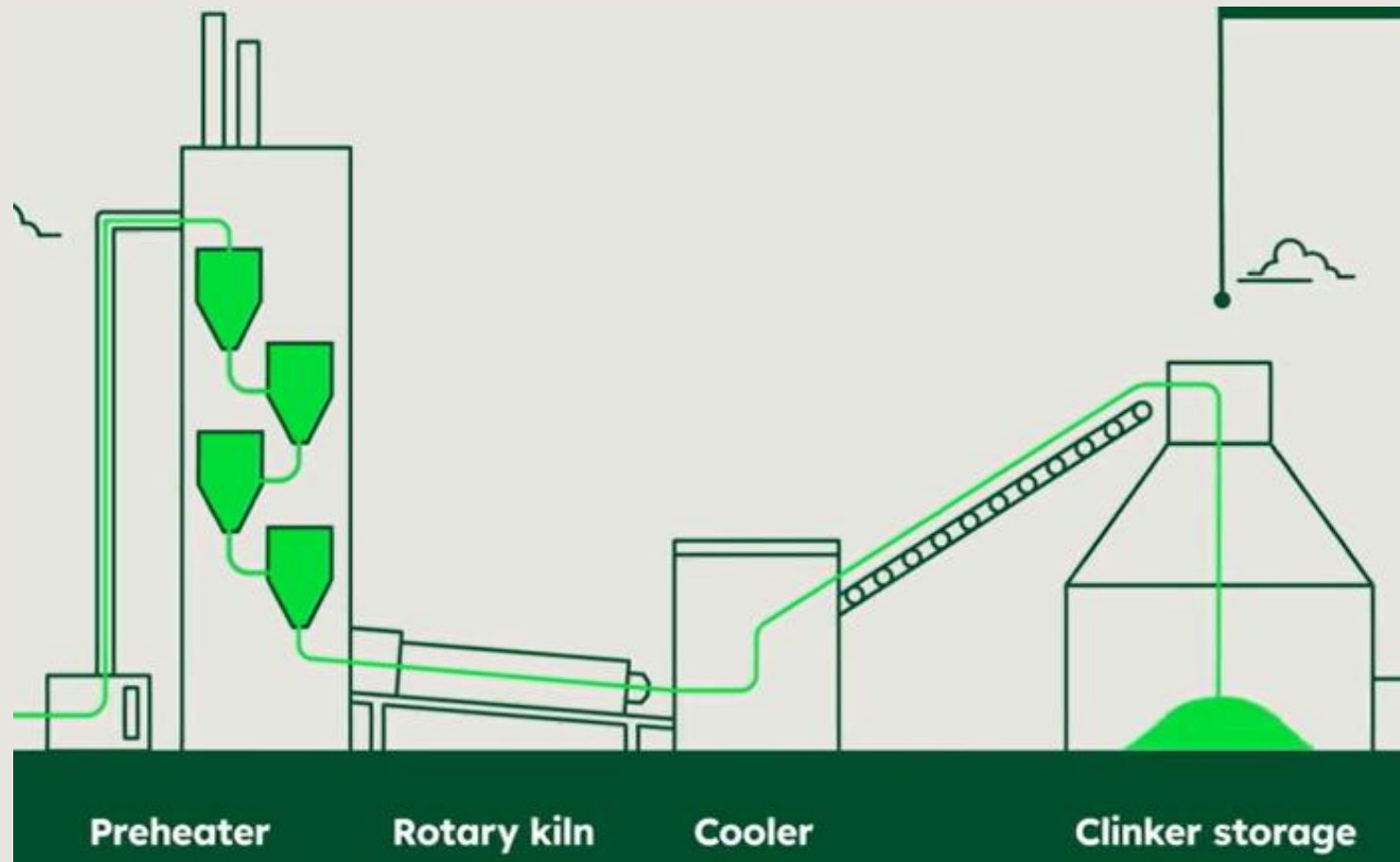
As we move forward, we are:

- Continuing to invest in plant efficiency across our operations.
- Developing plans for a carbon capture and storage plant at our Padeswood cement works in north Wales.
- Increasing the use of alternative raw materials and fuels, including hydrogen.
- Developing innovative, lower carbon materials.



CO₂: Cement Manufacture – CEM I

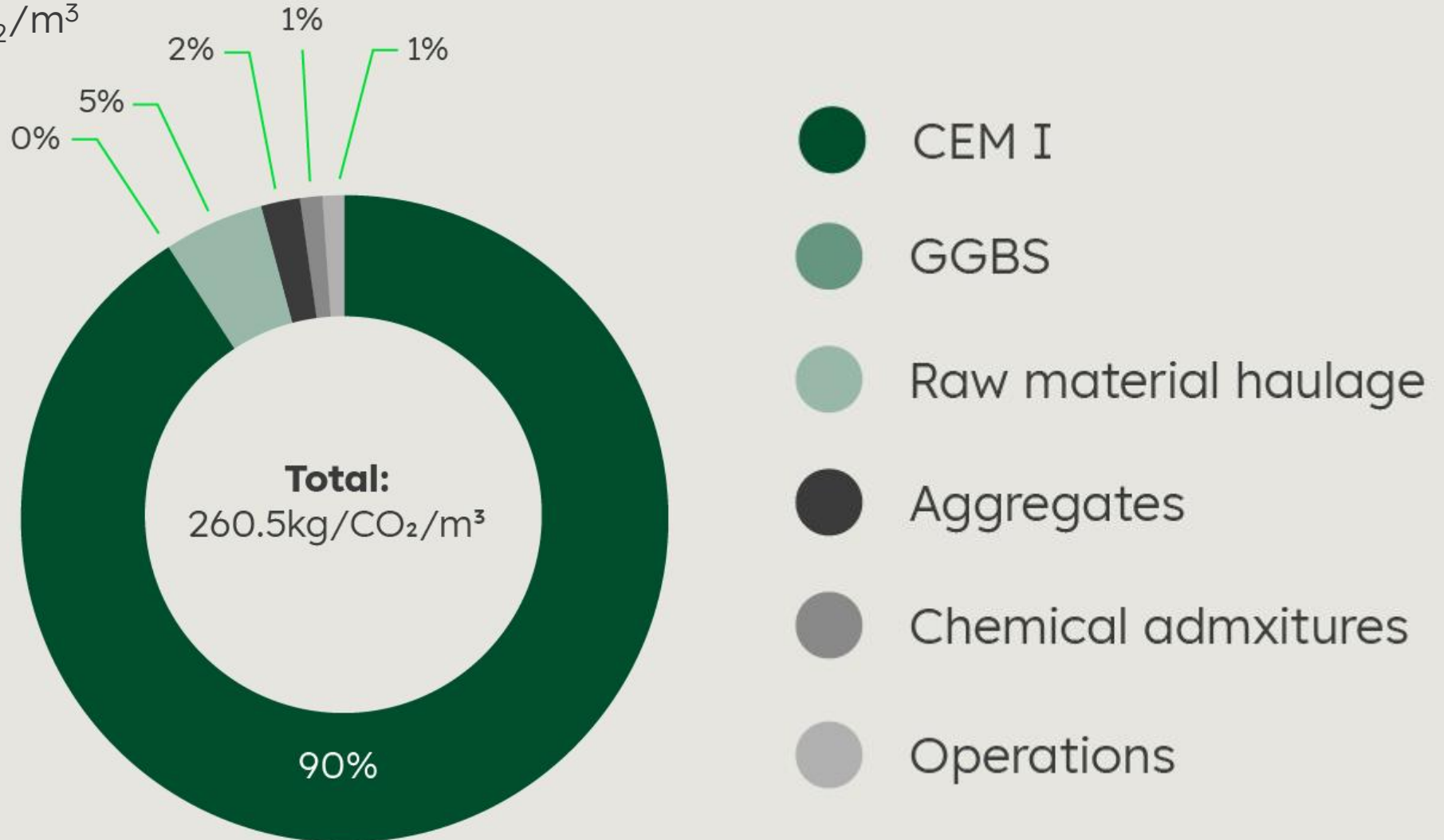
Limestone + Clay heated to 1400°C – cooled and ground to make cement



CEM I = 840 kg/CO₂/Tonne
Source MPA Factsheet 18
(2025)

CEM I Concrete Mix: Carbon (CO₂) in concrete

C28/35 CEM I Concrete
Total 260.5kg/CO₂/m³



eVOBUILD

Low carbon concrete



The Low Carbon Journey

- What is “Low Carbon”?
 - Reduced CO₂ against previous builds
 - Reduced CO₂ against a fixed benchmark
- Quick Wins
 - How mix specifications can drives up CO₂
- Engagement
 - Working with your Concrete supplier
- Innovation
 - Future materials and digital technologies



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Global Cement and Concrete
Association



Meeting the industry's low carbon needs

- Net zero commitments are becoming a requirement on the majority of new construction projects
- These require reduction in the project's carbon
- Key challenges in specifying concrete are;
 - Benchmarking its carbon intensity against a “fixed and static” reference
 - Access to verified carbon data
- evoBuild, a global brand for low carbon and circular products
- We target **at least 30% CO₂ reduction**
- Movement through the evoBuild increments enables reduction of CO₂.



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Association



Low Carbon evoBuild Concretes – GWP Mapped Against Global Concrete Ratings

evoBuild low carbon concrete 50

GCCA A1-A3 minimum Grade D

evoBuild low carbon concrete 60

GCCA A1-A3 minimum Grade C

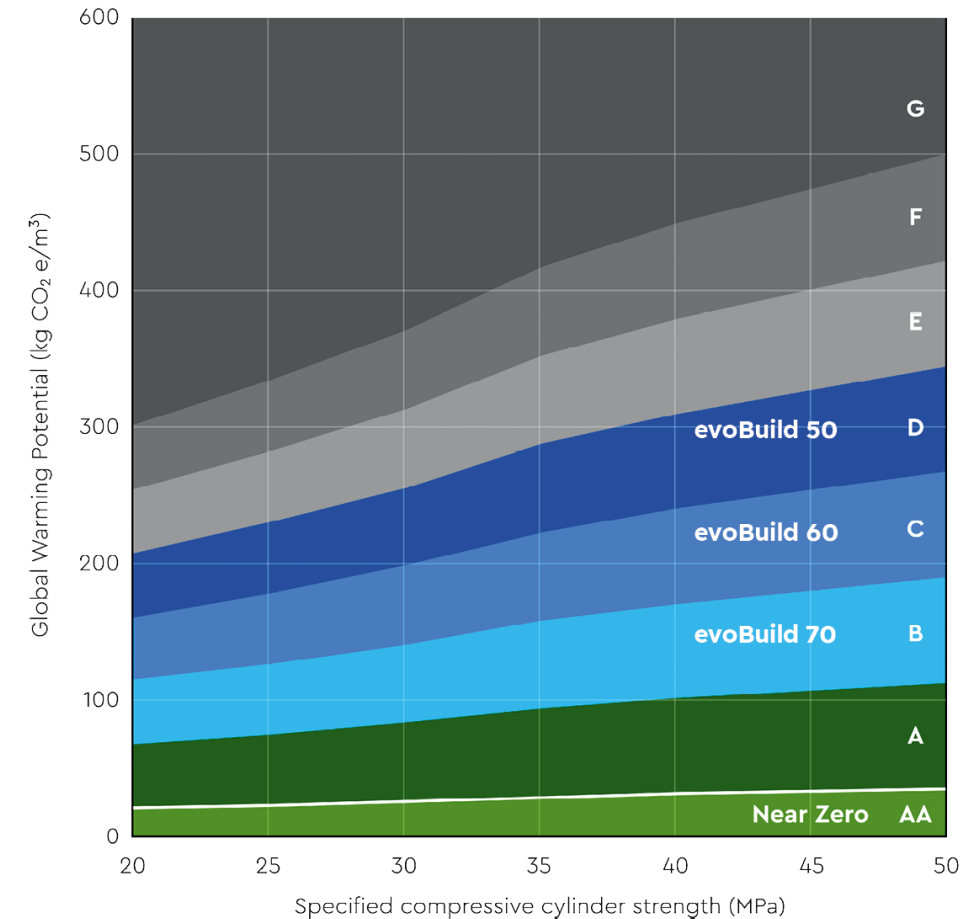
evoBuild low carbon concrete 70

GCCA A1-A3 minimum Grade B

Key benefits:

- Reduces carbon emissions by 50-70% against fixed CO₂/T GCCA reference.
- Verified indicative Global Warming Potential (GWP) values provided
- Behaves like current concretes - unchanged construction process.
- Complies with BS 8500 and BS EN 206-1.
- Available nationally

gc
ca Global Low Carbon Ratings for Concrete (GCCA)

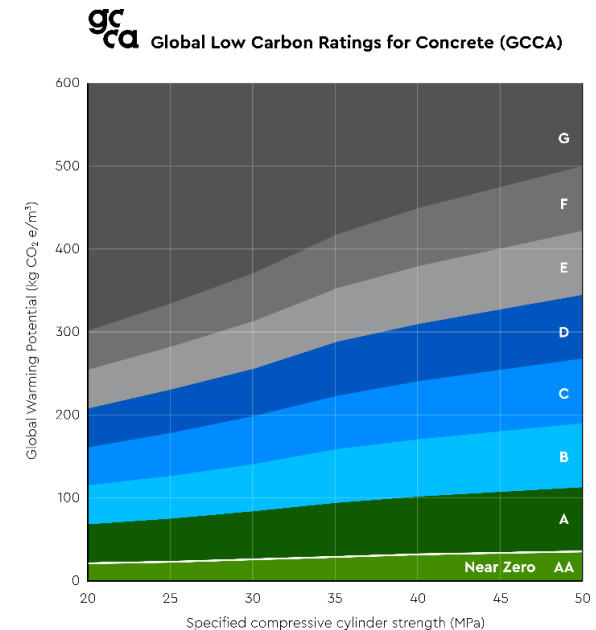


Low Carbon evoBuild Concretes – Customer Example

FND 4	Mix Comments	Clients E10	evoBuild 60 GGCA C	evoBuild 70 GGCA B
	Mix/Grade	FND4	FND4	C25/30
	Strength Grade	C25/30	C25/30	C25/30
	Minimum Cement Content (MCC)	380kgs	360kgs	360kgs
	Max Water Cement Ratio (WCR)	0.35	0.45	0.45
	Cement Type	CIIIA	CIIB-SR	CIIC
	Consistence	S3	S3	S3
	Estimated Carbon kg/CO ₂ /m ³	220	174	152

Notes:

- Clients spec called for FND4 in CIIIA – MCC and WCR applied by FND criteria – driving carbon up – GGCA D
- Client asked for reduced carbon options
- evoBuild 60 in CIIB proposed
- evoBuild 70 in CIIC proposed – can't be designated FND 4
- Key point – design criteria are the key drivers of carbon in concrete



CO₂ Data: Ready-Mixed Concrete: Environmental Product Declaration (EPD)



ENVIRONMENTAL PRODUCT DECLARATION

In accordance with ISO 14025 and EN 15804+A2

Heidelberg Materials UK – UK average C28/35 CIIIA Ready-mixed concrete



Owner of the declaration
Heidelberg Materials UK
Second Floor, Arena Court
SL6 8QZ Maidenhead
United Kingdom

Product
UK average C28/35 CIIIA Ready-mixed concrete

Declared product / Declared unit
1 m³ of UK average C28/35 CIIIA Ready-mixed concrete

This declaration is based on Product Category Rules
EN 15804:2012 + A2:2019,
NPCR 020 PART B for concrete and concrete elements (v3.0)

Program operator:
EPD-Norge
Majorstuen P.O. Box 5250
N-0303 Oslo
Norway

Declaration number
NEPD-7893-7537-2

Registration number
NEPD-7893-7537-2

Issue date
21.10.2024

Valid to
21.10.2029

EPD Software
Emidat EPD Tool v1.0.0

Ready-Mixed Concrete

Heidelberg Materials published a series of concrete EPDs in 2024

- C32/40 CIIIB, CIIIA, CEM I
- C28/35 CIIIB, CIIIA, CEM I
- C16/20 GEN3 CIIIA, CEM I

These EPDs

- Use national product data
- The A1-A3 GWP numbers are published for both Gross and Net cement inputs

Ensure that your concrete supplier is able to supply Gross numbers – as used by Low Carbon Concrete benchmarking schemes

Indicator	Unit	A1-3
GWP-total	kg CO ₂ -eq.	162.68 (145.40)*



CO₂ Data: Ready-Mixed Concrete: Carbon Quotation Stage and Post Delivery

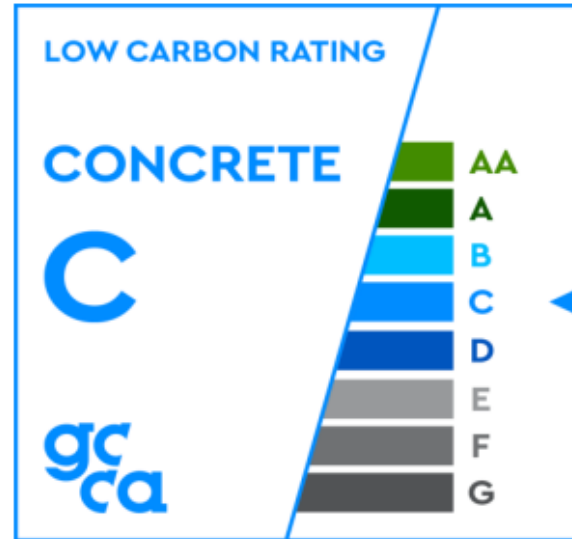
EMBODIED CARBON RATING CERTIFICATE

Concrete mix C25/30 - MIX 1A
 Cube strength, f_{cu} 30 MPa
 Cement type CIIIA+SR
 SCM Regen GGBS
 CEMI content 175 kg/m³
 w/c ratio
 SCM content 50%
 Aggregate type LIMESTONE 20

Slump class S3
MIXTYPE/STRENGTH
C25/30

Gross C 198 kgCO₂e/m³
Net 179 kgCO₂e/m³

All figures kg CO₂e/m³ Bounding figures are only applicable to specified strength class



Ready-Mixed Concrete

EPDs need to be verified – as such there is a time and cost factor

At project tender and quotation stage, customers want to know the A1-A3 GWP numbers on many different concrete mixes

Heidelberg Materials calculates and provides verified indicative A1-A3 Gross GWP number for each mix line on its quotes

Post- delivery: Carbon scorecard can be provided. Customers can report actual carbon intensity on a project

Ticket Date	Supply Plant	Mix Type	Volume (m3)	Carbon (kgCO ₂ e/m ³)	GCCA
01/11/2024	3204 OXFORD	C32/40	7	164.7	D
01/11/2024	3204 OXFORD	C32/40	7	165.1	D
20/11/2024	3204 OXFORD	C32/40	7	163.3	D
20/11/2024	3204 OXFORD	C32/40	2	169.6	D
20/11/2024	3204 OXFORD	C32/40	7	166.1	D
20/11/2024	3204 OXFORD	C32/40	7	166.1	D
20/11/2024	3204 OXFORD	C32/40	7	165.2	D



SCMs & Carbon Capture Technologies

Heidelberg Materials



Supplementary Cementitious Materials (SCMs): Alternatives to CEM I

SCM	A1-A3 kg CO ₂ /t*	Typical (Max) % Replacement of CEM I	UK Availability High Level
Ground Granulated Blastfurnace Slag GGBS	155	50-80 (95)	Heidelberg Materials 10 year secure import supply from developed world excess (x3 import/grinding locations)
Pulverised Fly Ash PFA	22	6-35 (50)	Import only – UK sourced beneficiated ash waste being investigated
Limestone Filler	44	10-15 (35)	Inert material. Widely available in the UK at concrete plants and also as a CEM II A-L blended cement
Calcined Clay	48-274	20-30 (50)	No UK source, import options being developed

GGBS is critical for the Low Carbon Concrete transition phase

*CO2 values; MPA Factsheet 18 2025



Carbon capture and storage - evoZero

- Brevik in Norway is the world's first operational CCS Cement Plant
 - It will capture ~400,000 tonnes of CO₂ p/a
 - Liquified & permanently stored in North Sea Gas Wells
 - Equivalent CO₂ savings to parking up 180,000 cars

evozero



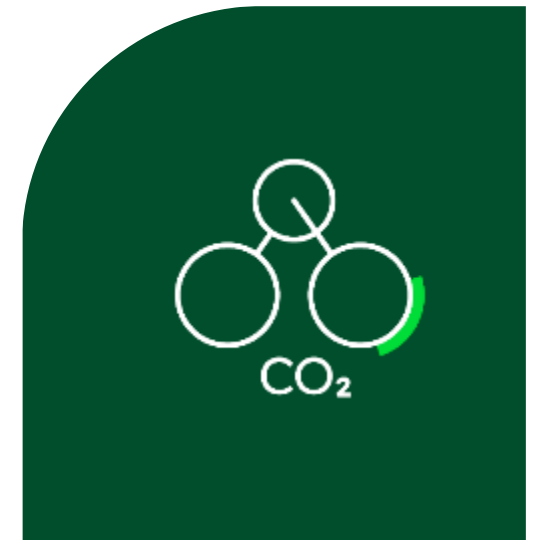


Carbon capture and storage

- Utilising carbon capture and storage technology is vital if we are to reach net zero carbon emissions by 2050.
- We are involved in a number of industry-leading projects at our UK cement works:
 - **Padeswood, north Wales:** Investing £400m in a facility to capture 800,000 tonnes of CO₂ a year, transported via the HyNet North West pipeline and storing it safely under the seabed. UK net zero cement as early as 2028.
 - **Ketton, Rutland:** As part of the Government's Net Zero Innovation Portfolio, we are trialling C-Capture's solvent technology to selectively capture the CO₂ produced.
 - **Ribblesdale, Lancashire:** We have proved that enforced carbonation of recycled concrete paste allows for high CO₂ uptake, preventing emissions.



The 1st net zero cement facility in the UK, and a global exemplar project.



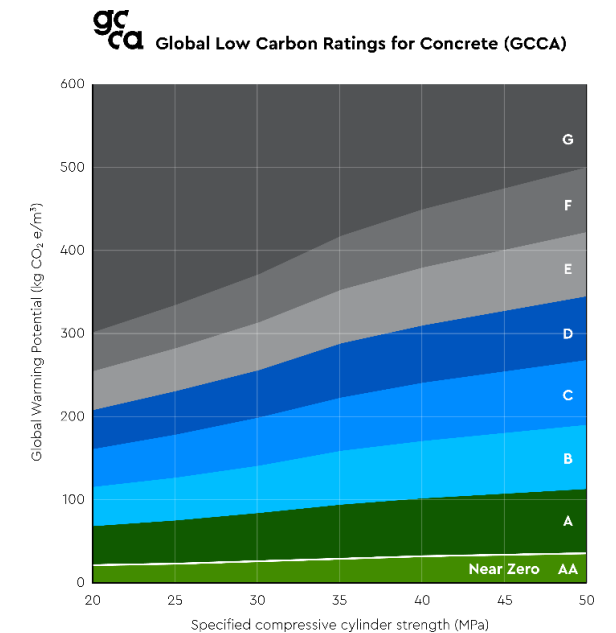
evoZero Example – CEM I Slipform Core



Core	Mix Comments	Clients E10	evoBuild GGCA AA
	Mix/Grade	Core	Core
	Strength Grade	C40/50	C40/50
	Powder Content	450kgs	450kgs
	Cement Type	CEM I	CEM I
	Estimated Carbon kg/CO₂/m³	390	30

Notes:

- Concrete core - schedule critical concrete element
- Typically, reliant on CEM I mixes
- Clients mix rated as GGCA E
- By replacing UK CEM I with evoZero carbon accounted, the mix carbon is significantly reduced to GGCA AA Near Zero rated
- The mix setting and performance characteristics are unaffected – hence the schedule isn't impacted



Concrete Specification & Compliance monitoring

Heidelberg Materials



Specification to BS8500 – How you can reduce carbon

- The carbon impact of durability criteria and Minimum Cement Content (MCC) and Water Cement Ratio (WCR)
- Opportunities to reduce carbon by challenging your designers – before you engage with your concrete supplier

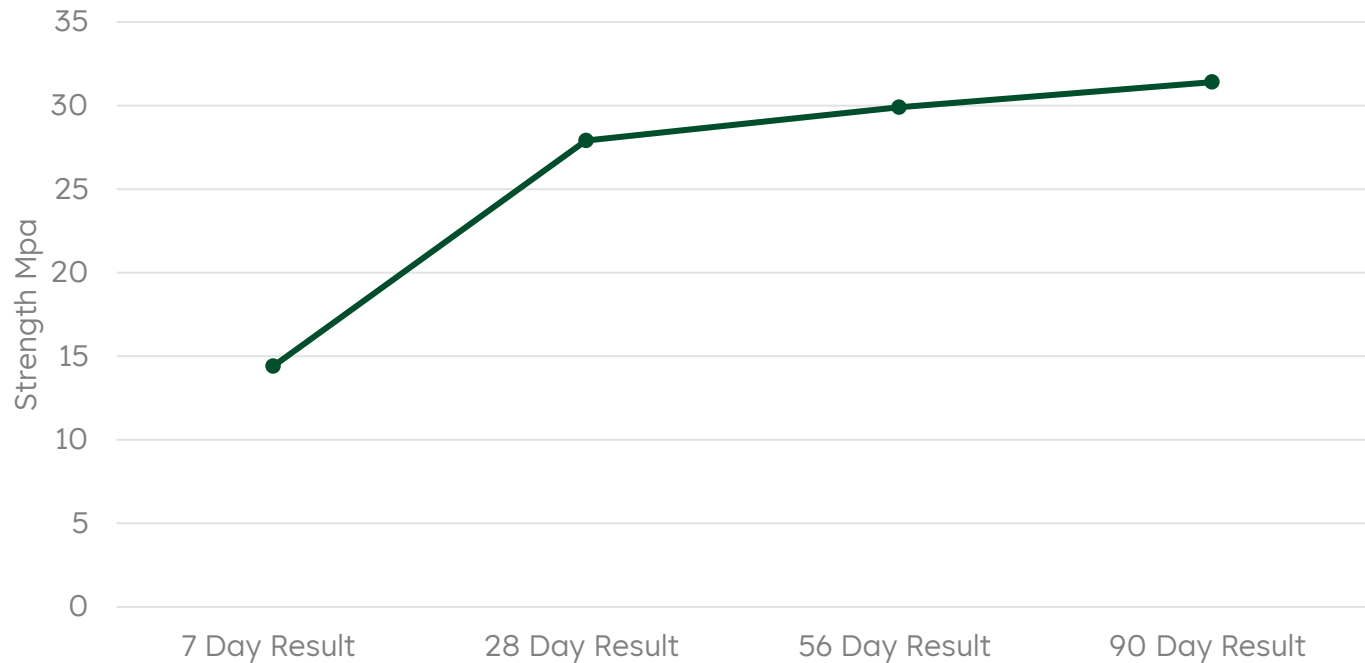
Concrete Strength	Minimum Cement Content	Kg Powder/m ³	Approx CO ₂ per m ³
C28/35	None	280	161
C28/35	350	350	194

Concrete Strength	Water Cement Ratio Max	Kg Powder/m ³	Approx CO ₂ per m ³
C28/35	None	280	161
C28/35	0.45	335	187



Consider 56 Day Strength Criteria

- Specifying concrete strength at 56 days, rather than the traditional 28 days, can reduce embodied carbon.
- In appropriate situations specifying at 56 days should have little or no effect on design.



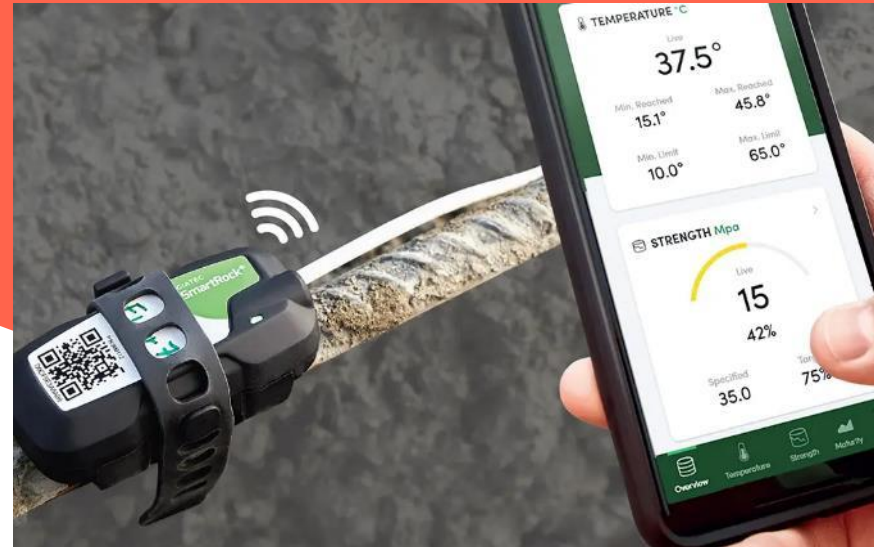
- Using 56 Day Strengths could save 20kg/m³ of cement, therefore ~10kg/m³ CO₂.
- Documents available from MPA, The Concrete Centre, IStructE and being trialled by Highways England



Digital Maturity Sensors



- Saved Laing O'Rourke 34 tonnes of CO₂ at King's Cross Capella
- Saved Mace 14 days from program plan on Heathrow Airport Taxiway
- Provided Buckingham Group evidence of in-situ strength to re-open a Merseyside railway bridge
- Allowed Bouygues to dispense with site cubes for formwork & prop removal at Finsbury Hospital



Low Carbon evoBuild Concretes – GWP Mapped Against Global Concrete Ratings

evoBuild low carbon concrete 50

GCCA A1-A3 minimum Grade D

evoBuild low carbon concrete 60

GCCA A1-A3 minimum Grade C

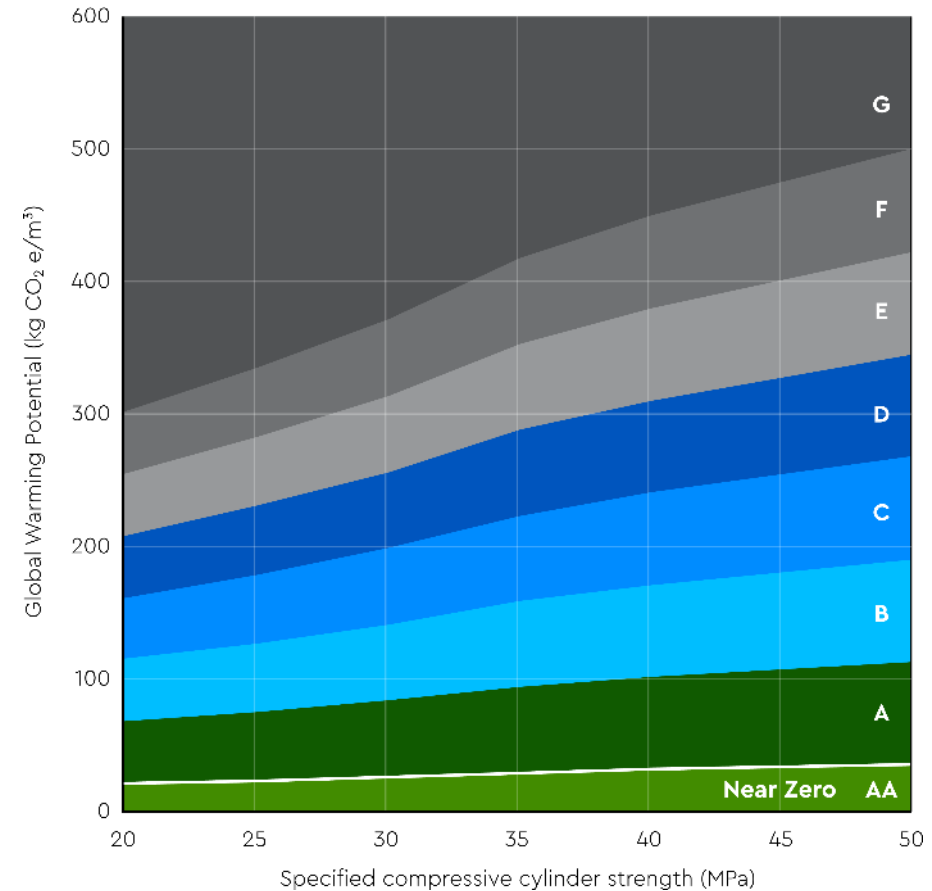
evoBuild low carbon concrete 70

GCCA A1-A3 minimum Grade B

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- Complies with BS 8500 and BS EN 206-1.
- Available nationally

gc
ca Global Low Carbon Ratings for Concrete (GCCA)



The Low Carbon Journey

- Quick Wins
 - Challenge designers on use of Minimum Cement Contents, Water Cement Ratios and Designated Concrete – these push carbon up
- Engagement
 - Engage early with your concrete supplier and explore low carbon concrete options such as evoBuild – can you go from D to C?
- Innovation
 - Near Zero Cement – evoZero can significantly reduce carbon without impacting schedules
 - Digital maturity technologies can be used to overcome contractor concerns with low carbon concretes



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Heidelberg Materials products are now available on NBS Source.

Search. Select. Specify.

Find products like our evoBuild low carbon concrete, fibre-reinforced, high-performance, waterproof and self-compacting concretes.

Search Heidelberg Materials at www.source.thenbs.com.

If you have any enquiries please contact;

- **Concrete Technical**

- Lee Baldwin – Technical Services Manager

- lee.Baldwin@heidelbergmaterials.com

- **Future events at Heidelberg Materials evoHub**

- www.heidelbergmaterials.co.uk/en/cpd-registration-evohub



Thank you for your time.

Any Questions?



Welcome to evoHub

evoHub

Please register here, so we can send you the handouts from today's session

